

World Floristic Regions

from Paul A. Keddy. 2016. *Plant Ecology: Origins, Processes, Consequences*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Chapter 2: The Search for Global Patterns

based upon Takhtajan, A. 1986. *Floristic Regions of the World*. Translated by T.J. Crovello. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press.

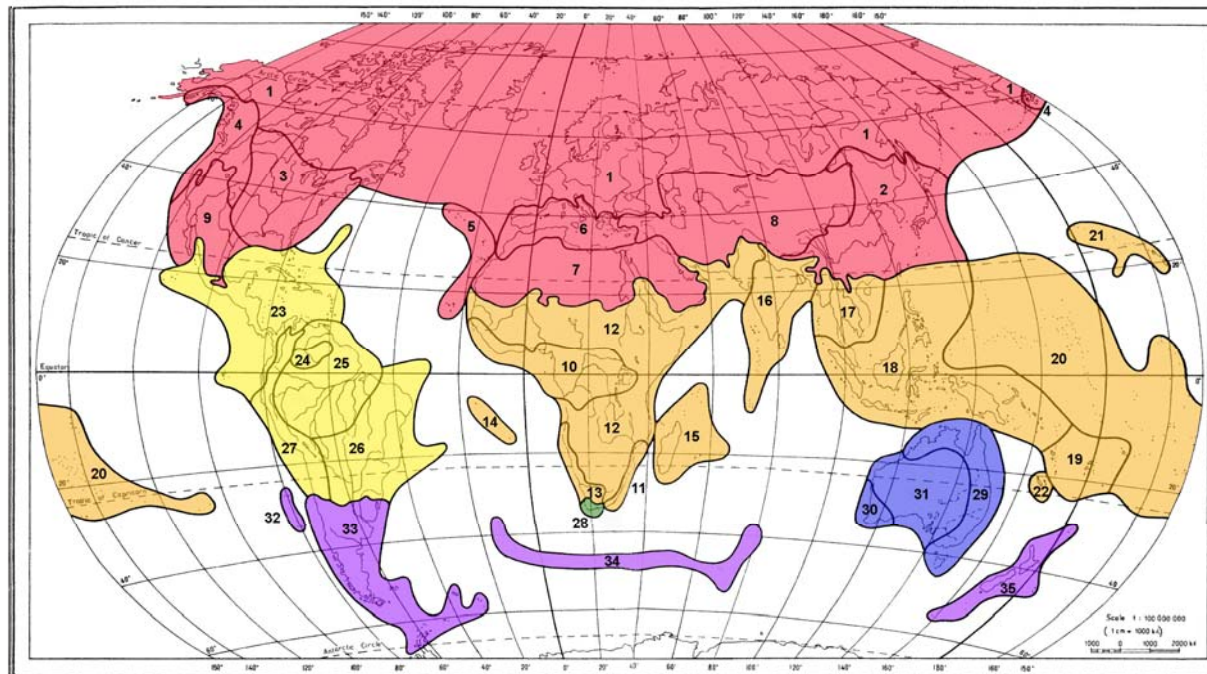


FIGURE 2.12 The 35 floristic regions of the world fall into six kingdoms. (From Takhtajan 1986) See Table 2.5 for region names. (Note that an earlier version, Takhtajan 1969, recognized 37 regions.)

Table 2.5 The 35 floristic regions of the world mapped in Figure 2.7. (Following Takhtajan 1986)

I. Holarctic Kingdom	D. Polynesian Subkingdom
A. Boreal Subkingdom	20. Polynesian
1. Circumboreal	21. Hawaiian
2. Eastern Asiatic	E. Neocaledonian Subkingdom
3. North American Atlantic	22. Neocaledonian
4. Rocky Mountain	III. Neotropical Kingdom
B. Tethyan Subkingdom	23. Caribbean
5. Macaronesian	24. Guayana Highlands
6. Mediterranean	25. Amazonian
7. Saharo-Arabian	26. Brazilian
8. Irano-Turanian	27. Andean
C. Madrean Subkingdom	IV. Cape Kingdom
9. Madrean	28. Cape
II. Palearctic Kingdom	V. Australian Kingdom
A. African Subkingdom	29. Northeast Australian
10. Guineo-Congolian	30. Southwest Australian
11. Uzambara-Zululand	31. Central Australian (Eremaean)
12. Sudano-Zambezian	VI. Antarctic Kingdom
13. Karroo-Namib	32. Fernándezian
14. St. Helena and Ascension	33. Chile-Patagonian
B. Madagascan Subkingdom	34. South Subantarctic Islands
15. Madagascan	35. Neozeylandic
C. Indo-Malesian Subkingdom	
16. Indian	
17. Indochinese	
18. Malesian	
19. Fijian	